

Child Health Profile

March 2019

Newham

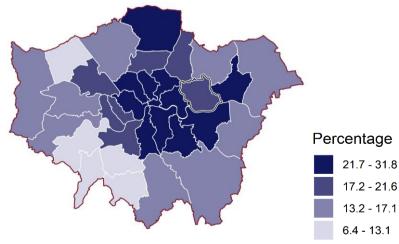
This profile provides a snapshot of child health in this area. It is designed to help local government and health services improve the health and wellbeing of children and tackle health inequalities.

The child population in this area

	Local	Region	England	
Live births (2017)	5,966	126,308	646,794	
Children aged 0 to 4 years (2017)	28,700 8.2%	623,700 7.1%	3,384,900 6.1%	
Children aged 0 to 19 year (2017)	s 94,300 27.1%	2,184,500 24.8%	13,169,100 23.7%	
Children aged 0 to 19 year in 2027 (projected)	s 100,800 26.3%	2,367,500 24.7%	13,904,800 23.7% 2,544,753 32.3% 193,657 2.4%	
School children from minor ethnic groups (2018)	rity 57,080 94.6%	914,322 73.7%		
School pupils with social, emotional and mental heal needs (2018)	1,235 th 2.0%	30,776 2.4%		
Children living in poverty aged under 16 years (2016	6) 20.1%	18.8%	17.0%	
	oys 79.7 iirls 82.9	80.5 84.3	79.6 83.1	

Children living in poverty

Map of London, with Newham outlined, showing the relative levels of children living in poverty.



Map contains Ordnance Survey data.

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Key findings

Overall, comparing local indicators with England averages, the health and wellbeing of children in Newham is mixed.

The infant mortality rate is similar to England with an average of 21 infants dying before age 1 each year. Recently there have been 10 child deaths (1-17 year olds) each year on average.

Public health interventions can improve child health at a local level. In this area:

• The teenage pregnancy rate is similar to England, with 114 girls becoming pregnant in a year.

• 5.0% of women smoke while pregnant which is better than England.

• 96.7% of mothers initiate breastfeeding (better than England). Data for breastfeeding from the 6-8 week review is not available for this area.

• The MMR immunisation level does not meet recommended coverage (95%). By age two, 82.9% of children have had one dose.

• Dental health is worse than England. 29.0% of 5 year olds have one or more decayed, filled or missing teeth.

• Levels of child obesity are worse than England. 12.8% of children in Reception and 27.4% of children in Year 6 are obese.

• The rate of child inpatient admissions for mental health conditions at 61.8 per 100,000 is better than England.The rate for self-harm at 144.8 per 100,000 is better than England.

The level of child poverty is worse than England with 20.1% of children aged under 16 years living in poverty. The rate of family homelessness is worse than England.

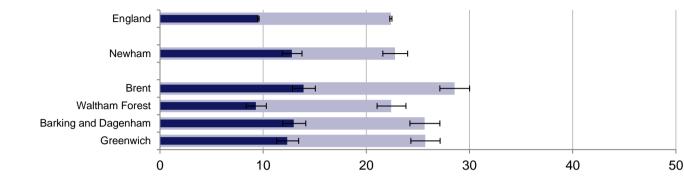
The hospital admission rate for injury in children (aged 0-14) at 52.4 per 10,000 is better than England, and for young people (aged 15-24) at 75.8 per 10,000 is better than England.

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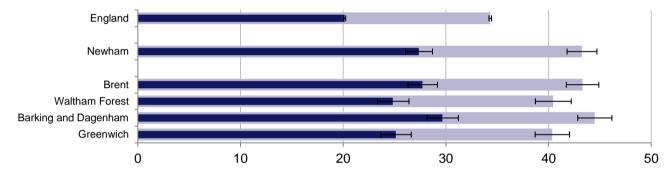
Childhood obesity

These charts show the percentage of children who have excess weight (obese or overweight) in Reception (aged 4-5 years) and Year 6 (aged 10-11 years). They compare Newham with its statistical neighbours, and the England average. Compared with the England average, this area has a similar percentage of children in Reception (22.8%) and a worse percentage in Year 6 (43.2%) who have excess weight.





Children aged 10-11 years who have excess weight, 2017/18 (percentage)

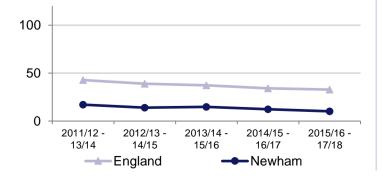


Note: This analysis uses the 85th and 95th centiles of the British 1990 growth reference (UK90) for BMI to classify children as overweight and obese. I indicates 95% confidence interval.

Young people and alcohol

Nationally, the rate of hospital admissions of children and young people for conditions wholly related to alcohol is decreasing, and this is also the case in Newham. The admission rate in the latest period is better than the England average.

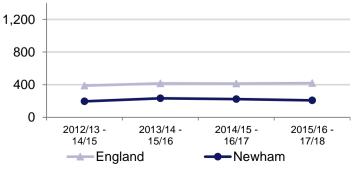
Hospital admissions of children and young people for conditions wholly related to alcohol (rate per 100,000 population aged 0-17 years)



Young people's mental health

Nationally, the rate of young people being admitted to hospital as a result of self-harm is increasing. There is no significant trend in Newham. The admission rate in the latest pooled period is lower than the England average*. Nationally, levels of self-harm are higher among young women than young men.

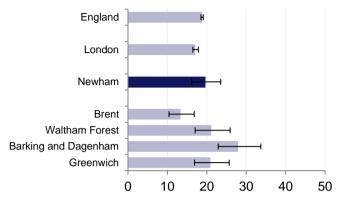
Young people aged 10 to 24 years admitted to hospital as a result of self-harm (rate per 100,000 population aged 10-24 years)



*Information about admissions in the single year 2017/18 can be found on page 4

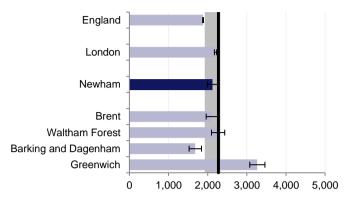
These charts compare Newham with its statistical neighbours, and the England and regional averages.

Teenage conceptions in girls aged under 18 years, 2016 (rate per 1,000 female population aged 15-17 years)



In 2016, approximately 20 girls aged under 18 conceived, for every 1,000 girls aged 15-17 years living in this area. This is similar to the regional average (approximately 17 per 1,000). The area has a similar teenage conception rate compared with the England average (approximately 19 per 1,000).

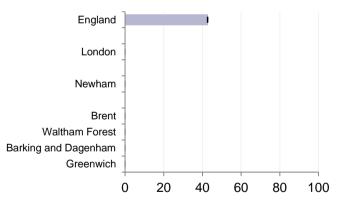
Chlamydia detection, 2017 (rate per 100,000 young people aged 15-24 years)



Chlamydia screening is recommended for all sexually active 15-24 year olds. Increasing detection rates indicates better targeting of screening activity; it is not a measure of prevalence. Areas should work towards a detection rate of at least 2,300 per 100,000 population. In 2017, the detection rate in this area was 2,120 which is approaching the minimum recommended rate.

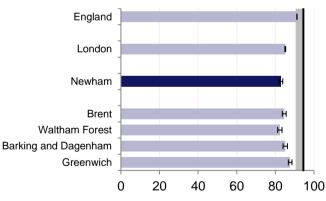
The shaded area from 1,900 shows the range of values approaching the minimum recommended rate of 2,300 (the black line).

Breastfeeding at 6 to 8 weeks, 2017/18 (percentage of infants due 6 to 8 week checks)



96.7% of mothers initiate breastfeeding (better than England). Data for breastfeeding from the 6-8 week review is not available for this area.

Measles, mumps and rubella (MMR) vaccination coverage by age 2 years, 2017/18 (percentage of eligible children)



Less than 95% (the minimum recommended coverage level) of children have received their first dose of immunisation by the age of two in this area (82.9%). By the age of five, only 68.9% of children have received their second dose of MMR immunisation.

The shaded area from 90% shows the range of values approaching the minimum recommended coverage of 95% (the black line).

Note: Where data is not available or figures have been suppressed, no bar will appear in the chart for that area.

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The chart below shows how children's health and wellbeing in this area compares with the rest of England. The local result for each indicator is shown as a circle, against the range of results for England shown as a grey bar. The line at the centre of the chart shows the England average.

No signif

Premature mortality

Wider determinants

of ill health

nprovement

Health

⁻revention of ill health

protection Health

- ጉ.L Increasir
 - Increasir Trend ca

	No significant change Increasing / decreasing and getting better Increasing / decreasing and getting worse	Significantly bSignificantly w	icantly different from the England average htly better than England average htly worse than England average				average	England average Region		nal average
	Trend cannot be calculated Indicator	O Significance c	L	ocal no. er year*	Local value	Eng. ave.	Eng. worst	percentile	percentile	Eng. best
	1 Infant mortality		T	21	3.4	3.9	8.1		\diamond	1.7
	2 Child mortality rate (1-17 years)		-	10	12.0	11.2	24.3			7.5
הוסופסווסו		% ● <90%	Τ	4,873	82.9	91.2	75.0			96.9
	4 Dtap / IPV / Hib vaccination (2 years)		Ť	5,405	91.9	95.1	83.7	\bigcirc		98.5
	5 Children in care immunisations		Ĵ,	100	41.1	85.3	5.7			100.0
	6 Children achieving a good level of development at	the end of reception	1	3,680	75.8	71.5	63.9			80.5
	7 GCSE attainment: average Attainment 8 score		-	-	48.8	46.7	39.8			55.8
	8 GCSE attainment: average Attainment 8 score of c	hildren in care	-	-	20.4	19.3	0.0		Ç	33.9
	9 16-17 year olds not in education, employment or tr	aining	-	420	5.2	6.0	24.4			1.9
	10 First time entrants to the youth justice system		↓	131	404.3	292.5	687.0			104.4
5	11 Children in low income families (under 16 years)		↓	15,300	20.1	17.0	31.8			6.4
	12 Family homelessness		↓	937	7.7	1.7	7.7			0.1
	13 Children in care		↓	405	47	64	185		\diamond	23
	14 Children killed and seriously injured (KSI) on Engl	and's roads	-	10	12.6	17.4	41.7			2.6
	15 Low birth weight of term babies		\downarrow	189	3.6	2.8	5.3			1.6
	16 Obese children (4-5 years)		↓	595	12.8	9.5	14.4			4.9
2	17 Obese children (10-11 years)		1	1,222	27.4	20.1	29.7			11.4
D	18 Children with one or more decayed, missing or fill	ed teeth	-	-	29.0	23.3	47.1			12.9
2	19 Hospital admissions for dental caries (0-5 years)		-	154	450.1	325.1	1,612.1	\bigcirc		10.8
	20 Under 18 conceptions		\downarrow	114	19.6	18.8	36.5			4.6
	21 Teenage mothers		\downarrow	23	0.4	0.7	2.1			0.2
	22 Admission episodes for alcohol-specific condition	s - under 18s	↓	9	10.2	32.9	106.5			7.4
	23 Hospital admissions due to substance misuse (15	-24 years)	-	26	54.5	87.9	329.3		\diamond	33.1
	24 Smoking status at time of delivery		1	293	5.0	10.8	26.0		$ \rightarrow $	2.0
	25 Breastfeeding initiation		-	5,907	96.7	74.5	37.9			96.7
	26 Breastfeeding prevalence at 6-8 weeks after birth		-	-	-	42.7	0.9	-		81.6
	27 A&E attendances (0-4 years)		Ť	22,975	801.1	619.0	2,011.3			321.3
	28 Hospital admissions caused by injuries in children		Ļ	387	52.4	96.4	203.7			46.5
	29 Hospital admissions caused by injuries in young p	eople (15-24 years)	Ť	360	75.8	132.7	284.4			69.0
				000	040 7	400.4	E 4 4 7			00 F

30 Hospital admissions for asthma (under 19 years)

31 Hospital admissions for mental health conditions

32 Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm (10-24 years)

421.2 *Numbers in italics are calculated by dividing the total number for the three year period by three to give an average figure

Where data is not available or figures have been suppressed, this is indicated by a dash in the appropriate box

186.4

84.7

511.7

187.6

1,009.6

Notes and definitions

17 years, 2015-2017

age 2 years, 2017/18

Mortality rate per 1,000 live births (aged under 1 year), 2015-2017 2 Directly standardised rate per 100,000 children aged 1-

3 % children immunised against measles, mumps and

against diphtheria, tetanus, polio, pertussis and Hib by

6 % children achieving a good level of development

within Early Years Foundation Stage Profile, 2017/18

8 GCSE attainment attainment: average attaiment 8

5 % children in care with up-to-date immunisations, 2018

7 GCSE attainment: average attainment 8 score, 2017/18

rubella (first dose by age 2 years), 2017/18 4 % children completing a course of immunisation 11 % of children aged under 16 years living in families in receipt of out of work benefits or tax credits where their reported income is less than 60% median income, 2016 12 Statutory homeless households with dependent children or pregnant women per 1,000 households,

2017/18 13 Rate of children looked after at 31 March per 10,000

222

53

98

246.7

61.8

144.8

population aged under 18 years, 2018 14 Crude rate of children aged 0-15 years who were

killed or seriously injured in road traffic accidents per 100,000 population, 2015-2017

15 Percentage of live-born babies, born at term, weighing less than 2,500 grams, 2017

16 % school children in Reception year classified as obese, 2017/18

17 % school children in Year 6 classified as obese, 2017/18

18 % children aged 5 years with one or more decayed, missing or filled teeth, 2016/17

19 Crude rate per 100,000 (aged 0-5 years) for hospital admissions for dental caries, 2015/16-2017/18 20 Under 18 conception rate per 1,000 females aged 15-17 years, 2016

 $\mathbf{21}~\%$ of delivery episodes where the mother is aged less than 18 years, 2017/18 22 Hospital admissions for alcohol-specific conditions -

82.5

14.5

116.9

under 18 year olds, crude rate per 100,000 population, 2015/16-2017/18

23 Directly standardised rate per 100,000 (aged 15-24 years) for hospital admissions for substance misuse, 2015/16-2017/18

24 % of mothers smoking at time of delivery, 2017/18

25 % of mothers initiating breastfeeding, 2016/17

26 % of mothers breastfeeding at 6-8 weeks, 2017/18 27 Crude rate per 1,000 (aged 0-4 years) of A&E attendances, 2017/18

28 Crude rate per 10,000 (aged 0-14 years) for emergency hospital admissions following injury, 2017/18 29 Crude rate per 10,000 (aged 15-24 years) for emergency hospital admissions following injury, 2017/18 30 Crude rate per 100,000 (aged 0-18 years) for emergency hospital admissions for asthma, 2017/18 31 Crude rate per 100,000 (aged 0-17 years) for hospital admissions for mental health, 2017/18 32 Directly standardised rate per 100,000 (aged 10-24 years) for hospital admissions for self-harm, 2017/18

whose activity is not known as a proportion of total 16-17 year olds known to local authority, 2017 10 Rate per 100,000 of 10-17 year olds receiving their first reprimand, warning or conviction, 2017

9 % not in education, employment or training (NEET) or

score of children looked after, 2017